

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a lamp comprising:
providing a reflective interior surface comprising:

providing a layer of a reflective material, and

providing a protective layer which protects the silver layer against oxidation and sulfide formation, the protective layer having an optical thickness t_{OPT} in quarterwaves which satisfies the relationship:

$$\frac{1.1(1 + 0.9n)}{1} \leq t_{OPT} \leq \frac{1.4(1 + 0.9n)}{1}$$

where n is an integer from 0 to 10; and

forming the lamp from the interior surface and a light source, the thickness of the layer being selected such that at least one of the following is satisfied:

- (a) a color correction temperature of the lamp is no less than 40K below a color correction temperature of the light source, and
- (b) a % reflectance of the reflective interior surface is no less than about 3% below that of an equivalent reflective interior surface without the protective layer in a visible spectral range of 400-800 nm.

2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein both (a) and (b) are satisfied.

3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the color correction temperature is no less than about 20K below that of the light source.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein the color correction temperature of the lamp is greater than the color correction temperature of the light source.

5. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 3, wherein the % reflectance of the reflective interior surface is at least 94.5% of an equivalent reflective interior surface without the protective layer in the visible spectral range of 400-800 nm.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the % reflectance of the reflective interior surface is no less than about 2.5% below that of the layer of a reflective material in the visible spectral range of 400-800 nm.

7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein the layer of a reflective material has an average % reflectance of at least 90% in the visible range of the spectrum.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the reflective material comprises silver.

9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the protective layer comprises at least one of the group consisting of:

oxides, suboxides, carbonated compounds and hydrogenated compounds of one or more of silicon, titanium, tantalum, zirconium, hafnium, niobium, aluminum, scandium, antimony, indium, and yttrium;

fluorides of one or more of magnesium, sodium, aluminum, yttrium, calcium, hafnium, lanthanum, ytterbium, and neodymium;

nitrides of one or more of silicon, aluminum, chromium, and titanium; and zinc sulfide.

10. (Original) The method of claim 9, wherein the protective layer includes at least one of an oxide of tantalum and an oxide of silicon.

11. (Original) The method of claim 10, wherein the protective layer comprises silica and has a thickness in one of the following ranges:

50-200 Å;

850-1400 Å; and

2600-3250 Å.

12. (Currently Amended) The A method of claim 1 forming a lamp, comprising:

providing a reflective interior surface comprising:

providing a layer of a reflective material, and

providing a protective layer which protects the silver layer against oxidation and sulfide formation, wherein the protective layer

has having an optical thickness t_{OPT} in quarterwaves which satisfies the relationship:

$$1.1(1 + 0.9n) \leq t_{OPT} \leq 1.4(1 + 0.9n)$$

where n is an integer from 0 to 5; and

forming the lamp from the interior surface and a light source.

13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the method further includes a tubulation step, the step of providing a reflective layer including:

forming the reflective layer after the tubulation step.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein providing the protective layer includes depositing the layer by chemical vapor deposition on a housing.

15. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) A lamp formed by the method of claim 1, comprising:

a housing;

a light source disposed within the housing;

a reflective coating on an interior surface of the housing, the reflective interior surface comprising:

a layer of silver, and

a protective layer disposed over the layer of silver, the protective layer having an optical thickness t_{OPT} in quarterwaves which satisfies the relationship:

$$1.1(1 + 0.9n) \leq t_{OPT} \leq 1.4(1 + 0.9n)$$

where n is an integer from 0 to 10.

16. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The lamp of claim [[13]] 15, wherein the protective layer is selected from the group consisting of silicon dioxide, titanium dioxide, aluminum oxide, tantalum oxide, and combinations thereof.

17. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The lamp of claim [[13]] 15, wherein the housing is sealed with a lens.

18. (Withdrawn, Currently Amended) The lamp of claim [[13]] 15, wherein the light source is selected from the group consisting of incandescent light sources,

ceramic metal halide light sources, light emitting diodes, laser diodes, quartz metal halide light sources, and combinations and multiples thereof.

19. (Original) The lamp of claim 18, wherein the light source is a halogen tungsten lamp.

20. (Currently Amended) A method of forming a lamp comprising:

providing a reflective surface which includes silver;

covering the reflective surface with a protective layer which is light transmissive, the protective layer exhibiting an oscillating function when one of color correction temperature and percent reflectance is plotted against optical thickness for a lamp formed from the reflective surface and protective layer, the protective layer having an optical thickness t_{OPT} in quarterwaves which satisfies the relationship:

$$\frac{1.1(1 + 0.9n)}{1} \leq t_{OPT} \leq \frac{1.4(1 + 0.9n)}{1}$$

where n is an integer from 0 to 5; and

the optical thickness of the protective layer being selected such that the following relationships are satisfied:

the color correction temperature is no less than about 20K below that corresponding to a protective layer optical thickness of zero; and

the reflectance is no less than 3% below that corresponding to an optical thickness of zero in the visible range of the spectrum.